



Naracoorte Lucindale Council  
Better by Nature

**NARACOORTE LUCINDALE COUNCIL**

**DOGS BY-LAW 2017**

**By-law No. 5 OF 2017**

A By-law to limit the number of dogs kept on premises and for the management and control of dogs in the Council's area.

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**PART 1 – PRELIMINARY****1. Title**

This By-law may be cited as the *Dogs By-law 2017* and is By-law No. 5 of the Naracoorte Lucindale Council.

**2. Authorising law**

This By-law is made under section 90(5) of the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*, sections 238 and 246 of the Act and section 18A of the *Harbors and Navigation Act 1993*.

**3. Purpose**

The objectives of this By-law are to control and manage dogs in the Council area:

- 3.1. to reduce the incidence of environmental nuisance caused by dogs;
- 3.2. to promote responsible dog ownership;
- 3.3. to protect the convenience, comfort and safety of members of the public; and
- 3.4. for the good rule and governance of the Council's area.

**4. Commencement, revocation and expiry**

4.1. The following By-laws previously made by the Council are revoked from the day on which this By-law comes into operation<sup>1</sup>:

4.1.1 Dogs By-law No. 5 2010.<sup>2</sup>

4.2. This By-law will expire on 1 January 2025.<sup>3</sup>

**Note-**

1. Generally a By-law comes into operation 4 months after the day on which it is gazetted: section 249(5) of the Act.
2. Section 253 of the Act provides that the revocation of a By-law by another By-law that contains substantially the same provisions, does not affect certain resolutions such as those applying a By-law to a part or parts of the Council area.
3. Pursuant to section 251 of the Act, a By-law will expire on 1 January following the seventh anniversary of the gazettal of the By-law.

**5. Application**

5.1. This By-law operates subject to the Council's *Permits and Penalties By-law 2017*.

5.2. Subject to subclause 5.3, this By-law applies throughout the Council's area.

5.3. Subclauses 9.1 and 10.2 of this By-law only apply in such part or parts of the Council area as the Council may by resolution direct in accordance with section 246(3)(e) of the Act.

## 6. Interpretation

In this By-law, unless the contrary intention appears:

- 6.1. **Act** means the *Local Government Act 1999*;
- 6.2. **approved kennel establishment** means a building, structure or area approved by a relevant authority, pursuant to the *Development Act 1993* for the keeping of dogs on a temporary or permanent basis;
- 6.3. **assistance dog** means a dog trained and used for the purpose of assisting a person who is wholly or partially disabled;
- 6.4. **authorised person** means a person appointed as an authorised person pursuant to section 260 of the Act;
- 6.5. **children's playground** means an enclosed area in which there is equipment or other installed devices for the purpose of children's play (or within 3 metres of such devices if there is no enclosed area);
- 6.6. **Council** means the Naracoorte Lucindale Council;
- 6.7. **dog** (except for in subclause 7.1) has the same meaning as in the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*;
- 6.8. **effective control** means a person exercising effective control of a dog either:
  - 6.8.1 by means of a physical restraint (as defined under the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*); or
  - 6.8.2 by command, the dog being in close proximity to the person and the person being able to see the dog at all times;
- 6.9. **keep** includes the provision of food or shelter;
- 6.10. **park** has the same meaning as in the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*;
- 6.11. **premises** includes land, whether used or occupied for domestic or non-domestic purposes;
- 6.12. **small dwelling** means a self-contained dwelling that is:
  - 6.12.1 a residential flat building; or
  - 6.12.2 contained in a separate strata unit or community title; or
  - 6.12.3 on an allotment less than 400 square metres in area; or
  - 6.12.4 without a secure yard of at least 100 square metres in area;
- 6.13. **township** has the same meaning as in the Act;
- 6.14. for the purposes of clause 9 of the By-law, a dog is under **effective control by means of a leash** if the dog is secured to a leash, chain or cord that does not exceed 2 metres in length and:
  - 6.14.1 the leash, chain or cord is either tethered securely to a fixed object;  
or

- 6.14.2 held by a person capable of controlling the dog and preventing it from being a nuisance or a danger to other persons.
- 6.15. **working dog** means a dog-
- 6.15.1 usually kept, proposed to be kept or worked on rural land by a person who is:
- (a) a primary producer; or
  - (b) engaged or employed by a primary producer; and
- 6.15.2 kept primarily for the purpose of herding, droving, protecting, tending or working stock, or training for herding, droving, protecting, tending or working stock.

**Note-**

Section 14 of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1915* provides that an expression used in this By-law has, unless the contrary intention appears, the same meaning as in the Acts under which the By-laws was made.

## **PART 2 – LIMITS ON DOG NUMBERS**

### **7. Limits on dog numbers in private premises**

- 7.1. Subject to clauses 7.3 and 7.5, a person must not, without the Council's permission, keep, or cause, suffer or permit to be kept:
- 7.1.1 in a township, more than one dog in a small dwelling; or
  - 7.1.2 in a township, more than two dogs in premises other than a small dwelling; or
  - 7.1.3 outside of a township, more than three dogs (other than working dogs);
- 7.2. For the purposes of subclause 7.1, 'dog' means a dog that is three (3) months of age or older, or a dog that has lost its juvenile teeth.
- 7.3. Subclause 7.1 does not apply to:
- 7.3.1 approved kennel establishments operating in accordance with all required approvals and consents; or
  - 7.3.2 any business involving the keeping of dogs provided that the business is registered in accordance with the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995* and operating in accordance with all required approvals and consents.
- 7.4. The Council may require that premises which are the subject of an application for permission to keep additional dogs must be inspected by an authorised person for the purpose of assessing the suitability of the premises for housing dogs.
- 7.5. No dog is to be kept on any premises where, in the opinion of an authorised person, there is no secure or appropriate area where a dog may be effectively confined.

## **PART 3 – DOG CONTROLS**

### **8. Dog exercise areas**

Subject to clauses 9 and 10 of this By-law, a person may enter a park in the Council area for the purpose of exercising a dog under his or her effective control.

**Note –**

If a person is exercising a dog in a park as permitted under this clause and the dog is not under effective control as that term is defined in the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*, this gives rise to a dog wandering at large offence under section 43(1) of the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*, for which the owner of or person responsible for the dog may be liable.

### **9. Dog on leash areas**

A person must not, without the Council's permission, allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an assistance dog that is required to remain off-lead in order to fulfil its functions) to be or remain:

9.1. on Local Government land or a public place to which the Council has resolved that this subclause applies; and

9.2. on any park or reserve during times when organised sport is being played;

unless the dog is under effective control by means of a leash.

### **10. Dog prohibited areas**

A person must not allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority (except an assistance dog) to enter or remain:

10.1. on any children's playground on Local Government land; or

10.2. on any other Local Government land or public place to which the Council has determined that this subclause applies.

### **11. Dog faeces**

No person is to allow a dog under that person's control, charge or authority to be in a public place or on Local Government land unless that person has in their possession a bag or other suitable container for the collection and lawful disposal of any faeces that the dog may deposit (for the purpose of complying with their obligation under section 45A(6) of the *Dog and Cat Management Act 1995*).

## **PART 4 – ENFORCEMENT**

### **12. Orders**

12.1. If a person engages in conduct that is in contravention of this By-law, an authorised person may order that person:

12.1.1 if the conduct is still continuing – to stop the conduct; and

12.1.2 whether or not the conduct is still continuing – to take specified action to remedy the contravention.

12.2. A person must comply with an order under this clause.

- 12.3. If a person does not comply with an order, the authorised person may take action reasonably required to have the order carried out, and the Council may seek to recover its costs of any action so taken from the person to whom the order was directed.
- 12.4. However, an authorised person may not use force against a person under this section.

**Note-**

For example, an authorised person may order a person to:

- cease keeping more than the permitted number of dogs on that person's premises; or
- remove a dog from a dog prohibited area.

This By-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the Naracoorte Lucindale Council held on the 27 June 2017 by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two thirds of the members present.



HELEN MACDONALD  
Chief Executive Officer